

ANXIOUS FOR SCALPS.

Fierce Row Between Buffalo Bill and Dr. Carver.

HAMBURG IN A STATE OF SIEGE.

The City Filled with a Howling Mob of Indians and Cowboys Who Are Spooling for a Fight—More Manoeuvres of the British Navy—Timothy Healy's Speech at a League Meeting—Other Foreign Notes of Interest.

HAMBURG, Aug. 27.—Excitement over the fierce row between Buffalo Bill and Dr. Carver is intense. People are afraid to come out of doors after dark. The place is in a state of siege. The members of each troupe have openly declared their intention of fighting for their masters if the quarrel ends in a general fight. There can be no doubt but that it is only through the efforts of the civil authorities that bloodshed up to the present has been avoided. Dr. Carver has been following Col. Cody all through the latter's tour of the city and the Continent and his performances have been better patronized than Bill's.

Got Ahead of Buffalo Bill.

Carver stole a march on his rival and arrived in Hamburg three days ahead. When Cody got here he found he was obliged to pitch his tent a few feet from Carver's show. Carver's manager arranged for an exclusive supply of electricity light and left Cody in the dark. Then members of both camps took up the matter, and it was through the strenuous efforts of the police officers that a fearful fight was prevented. Hamburg is filled with a howling mob of Indians and cowboys who are waiting for a chance to scalp each other. The town is covered with the posters of both parties. As soon as Cody's bills are posted up Carver's assistants come around and tear them off and put their own in place.

In Need of Money.

It is an open secret that while Carver did an enormous business in Berlin and Vienna Cody fell flat. Sunday Cody and Carver opened at the same time. Carver gave two shows and had 30,000 visitors, while Cody only gave one, which was attended by 7,000 persons. It is rumored that the syndicate which brought Buffalo Bill to Europe this year has left him, so that he is handicapped for want of money. Both leaders have announced an indefinite stay at Hamburg, which is filled with visitors who are afraid that serious trouble may break out at any moment. The city is in a state of siege, and the threat of death are freely used.

BRITISH NAVAL MANOEUVRES.

The Fleet Now at Sea in Chase of Submersible Boats.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, admiral, having apparently demonstrated to his own satisfaction in the naval manoeuvres just closed that he could, with his portion of the fleet, break the lines of the defending squadrons under Admiral Sir George Tryon, has put to sea for the purpose, it is believed, of determining how long it would take his combined fleet to overhaul and disable the principal English merchant ships while the home fleet were recovering from the effects of their engagement with the enemy.

Want to Avoid the Torpedo Boats.

These manoeuvres differed slightly from preceding ones of the kind, in that they were largely devoted to ascertaining how far away from a coast the levitans of modern naval construction can prudently conduct hostilities in reasonable security from the torpedo boats with which nearly all the continental maritime powers are efficiently supplied.

The Open Sea Preferred for a Fight.

In other words, England would prefer to draw her enemy out as far as possible to the open sea, having confidence in her ability to win a victory apart from the lurking dangers on an enemy's coast—dangers to which the slow-moving, coal-consuming monsters of the fleet are especially liable. These manoeuvres are considered much more practical and sensible than the sham attacks on the coast towns of Great Britain and Ireland, which, while theatrically attractive, were of but slight instruction to the sailors, and were attended by a series of blunders.

Prescription for Paying Rent Advocated.

DUBLIN, Aug. 27.—Speaking at a league meeting Tuesday Timothy Healy, referring to the potato blight in Ireland, said that nothing stood between the people and starvation during the coming winter. The sufferers might not legally withhold rents, the man who was huddled and left his family to starve was little better than an assassin. If it was found necessary to appeal to the Irish in America and Australia the assistance thus obtained ought not to be shamed by any man who had paid rent during the preceding twelve months.

Nearly Cremated in a Well.

PARIS, Tex., Aug. 27.—Charles Gooding, who lives in Indian territory, thirty miles from this city, employed Michael Duhane to dig a well. Last Saturday Duhane had reached a depth of sixty feet. He came out for his dinner, and on his return had been lowered down about twenty feet when he screamed to his assistants to haul him out quick, as he was burning up. He was taken out in an unconscious condition; and then flames burst out. The poor fellow was badly burned. It is thought he opened a vein of natural gas.

Terrible Conflagration in Hungary.

PESTH, Aug. 27.—The fire at Tokay began during the night, and its spread was accelerated by a heavy gale of wind. All the public buildings as well as nearly all the private dwellings were destroyed. The homeless inhabitants are camping in the fields, tents being furnished from the nearest military stations. The flames are still raging. Kaba, Haezfeld, and other villages near Tmesvar are also in flames. Ten persons have been burned to death at Kaba and three at Sato.

Where the Cholera Originated.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—Advices from Jeddah state that the cholera, which broke out among the pilgrims returning from Mecca, originated with the Hindoo passengers, and spread to the others. The pilgrims were in a terrible state of filth, as they were huddled together by thousands in the dampness, unclean and without sufficient food. Hundreds died who were not reported, and the real number of fatalities will never be known.

Labor Leader Signs Decree.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The Daily Telegraph in a leading article, announces John

Burns as a charlatan, and warns British workmen against the danger of continuing their present attitude of superstitious faith in their so-called leaders.

A Most Horrible Story.

HAMBURG, Aug. 27.—A farmer named Heinrich Bruns, who lived in the village of Westerwick, having cause to suspect his wife, called her and their children into the cellar of his house, barred the door, accused her of unfaithfulness, and declared that she must die. Then he bade them all kneel down and pray for the forgiveness of her sin, and after that repeat the prayer for the dying. This done, he bound her to a wooden bench, and with an iron caviar sash he hocked her head off. Then, with great coolness, he drew out his revolver and blew out his brains.

Riotous Socialists.

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—On the breaking up at 3 o'clock on Tuesday morning of a riotous demonstration of the Socialists, in the conflict which followed swords were used and stones were thrown. Both sides had many injured. The police succeeded in arresting the ringleaders of the rioters.

Bismarck's Only Ambition.

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—A deputation from Heilbronn called upon Prince Bismarck. In addressing his visitors, the prince said that the utterances of those papers which criticised his conduct of affairs were mere trash. He awaited the verdict of history, and his only ambition now was for a good epitaph.

Perished on Mount Blanc.

GENEVA, Aug. 27.—Count Villanova and his guide and porters who were making an ascent of Mount Blanc have disappeared, and it is feared that all have perished.

LIQUOR IN THE CAPITOL.

The Matter Again Before the Senate—Filibustering in the House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—In the senate Wednesday morning the resolution offered by Plumb several days ago, instructing the committee on rules to issue orders to prevent the sale of all kinds of liquors in the senate wing of the capitol was taken up. Butler's proposed amendment directing the sergeant-at-arms to make daily inspections of the committee rooms to see if liquors were used there, was rejected. After discussing Blair's amendment to prohibit the use of liquors in the capitol "as a beverage," the resolution and amendment on motion of Sherman was referred to the committee on rules. The tariff bill was then taken up.

There were but eighty-five members present when the house met Wednesday morning.

The opponents of the lard bill, led by Mason (Ill.), at once inaugurated filibustering tactics, with calls for yes the journal of Tuesday had not been ap- and day votes, etc. At 3:30 Wednesday morning, the opposition was good for spending the day's session idly—using up the last day set apart for consideration of the Butterworth options bill, and not reaching a vote on the lard bill.

DIED TO SAVE OTHERS.

A Divinity Student Drowned in the St. Louis River.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 27.—A. M. Gordon, a divinity student from Bullaire, Ohio, been conducting a series of revival meetings on an excursion steamer in the St. Louis river. Tuesday evening as he was standing near the vessel's rail he noticed three boys who had got beyond their depth while in bathing and who were in danger of being drowned. Without hesitating Gordon jumped into the water and reached the youngsters just as one was sinking. He rescued him and then turned his attention to the other two. With great effort he kept them afloat until assistance from shore arrived. As the boys were lifted into a boat Gordon, exhausted by his efforts and weighted by his clothes, sank to rise no more. And thus he died while saving others.

A Shortage in the Hop Crop.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 27.—The New England Homes had carefully prepared a report of the hop crop of the country. It shows that there is a considerable shortage, particularly in New York state. The average yield of all the growing territory will fall nearly 20 per cent. under a full crop. In New York state only three out of an average crop will be harvested. Massachusetts, which grows few hops, will have 75 per cent of a full crop; Maine 90 per cent; Vermont a full crop; Wisconsin 80 and California 90. Prices have reached 40 cents a pound in New York and 27½ cents in California. The price of hops in these two states governs the sales in other states. While the crop is short the quality is better than usual.

Held Up the Wrong Stage.

DALLAS, Colo., Aug. 27.—The stage running between here and Telluride was held up Tuesday near Haskell by band agents. The robbers numbered only two, both young men and masked. They were armed with four revolvers and a Winchester rifle. There is no doubt their object was to secure the returns from the King gold mine, eleven of which were sent out Monday morning, but by a different route. The value of the returns was over \$50,000. As it was they took the mail pouch, containing valuable registered letters. A posse has been organized and is now in pursuit.

Beckwith on His Muscles.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—During a controversy in the house over the lard bill Wednesday, Beckwith, of New Jersey, tried to strike Wilson, of Washington. Representative Lehigh, of New Jersey, was between them and Wilson was not hit. Williams, of Ohio, pulled Beckwith back in his seat and Beckwith struck at him. Several other members interfered and the combatants were separated before any injury was done.

A Coal Mine Flooded.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Aug. 27.—During the heavy rains Tuesday night the Mammoth Coal company's mine on the Seewickley branch of the flood with water. One man is known to have been drowned in the mine, and others are yet missing. Several mules were drowned, and the mine property was greatly damaged. Property along the Seewickley valley was almost totally destroyed and the loss will be heavy.

Another Attack on Israel.

BOSTON, Aug. 27.—Fire Marshal Whitcomb, in his annual report, openly charges Russian and Polish Jews with being incendiaries. He arranges the insurance companies to acceptor before the fact for recklessly accepting risks from Hebrew who over-insure for the sake of the premiums.

BARRY AND POWDERLY.

The Two Labor Leaders Exchange Compliments.

A VERY INSINUATING STATEMENT.

Barry Says He Was Offered \$100,000 for a Bit of Information and Intimates That Powderly Gathered in the Booze—What Powderly Says of It—Situation of the Two Railroad Strikes at Chicago—A Strike Averted.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The Sun's Detroit special says: Tom Barry, formerly of the executive board of the knights, in an interview as to the outlook in the present strike, said it was a failure from the start, because it lacked proper executive ability behind it. Powderly did not take hold until too late to be of service. When asked why Knights of Labor strikes failed all over the country, he said: "If you want to tell me what is the reason that the knights are a back number, why, here it is: Did you ever hear of an officer in an organization trying to bleed the members for all there was in it? Yes. Perhaps you have."

Offered a Bribe of \$100,000.

Let me tell you something. Do you remember the greater the strike? Well, I was right in the midst of that quarrel. The stocks of the railroad fell right out of sight. While this strike was on I was approached by a Wall street man and offered \$100,000 in cash to tell in advance when the strike was to be settled. I told the broker I was not in it that way. I refused that \$100,000 but as a member of the board I laid the proposition before the others. Of course they rejected it with scorn; but twenty-four hours later Mr. Powderly was in New York negotiating with the very broker whom I slighted. No day later the strike was declared off."

An Unmuzzled Liar.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The Evening Sun has an interview with Grand Master of the Workmen Powderly relative to the charges made by Barry. Mr. Powderly said: "Mr. Barry is an unmuzzled liar. Mr. Barry was himself discharged from the order because he was crooked in money transactions and because he misappropriated funds. It is a proof sufficient as to the falsity of his assertions that he was discharged. I was not in the southwest during the strike in 1885. I do not believe he even had an offer of \$100,000. Men like Barry usually are willing to accept money offers and are usually purchased at their price—a drink of whiskey."

STRIKES AT CHICAGO.

Situation at the Stock Yards and on the Chicago and Alton.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—The blockade at the stock yards, caused first by the strike of the engineers and firemen of the Switching association, and subsequently by the strike of the switchmen, was almost raised Wednesday morning. About a dozen engines, manned by officials of the different roads, were shifting the dead trains so that ice cars could be reached. There were not so many policemen about the yards as on Tuesday, and the forty or fifty strikers who congregated in the neighborhood of the yardmaster's office made no demonstration. It is now believed that the strike will be over and the men at work before very long. The solution of the Switching association, and as the strikers have signified a willingness to return to work at their old wages it is believed that some sort of a compromise will be arrived at Thursday.

The Chicago and Alton Strike.

The situation in the strike of the Chicago and Alton switchmen remains practically unchanged. The firemen and engineers decided Wednesday morning not to go out in support of the switchmen, as it has been intimated they might do. The company has been advertising for switchmen and has secured quite a force of men, which it will try to put to work. General Manager Chappell went out into the yards himself Wednesday morning and threw switches and coupled and uncoupled trains with all the despatch of an old hand, to show his determination to win the fight at all hazards.

Averted a Big Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—A big strike on the Southern Pacific was averted Tuesday by the railroad making concessions to the grievance committee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. The committee submitted demands from division lodges in every city through which the Southern Pacific system runs, the general effect of which will be to advance the pay of brakemen \$10 and conductors \$25 per month. The company feared that the strikers would be well organized and had sent orders east to prevent railroad hands from coming to the coast, and to avoid a disastrous strike the demands were granted.

Tried to Lynch an Ex-Striker.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The World's Troy special says: John Mellus, a striker on the Central, who returned to work a few days since fired three shots from his train into a crowd of strikers at the Madison Street station Tuesday. None of the shots took effect. He was arrested, and while on the way to jail a crowd tried to take him for the post to Lynch him. The police kept the crowd back with difficulty. The excitement is intense and further trouble is feared. Mellus says he fired the shots in self-defense.

A Big Transportation Scheme.

QUEBEC, Aug. 27.—The most gigantic railroad scheme ever proposed in Canada, with the single exception of that of the Canadian Pacific, is about to engage a very large share of public attention. The scheme is to build a railway eastward from Quebec some 550 miles to St. Charles Bay on the Labrador coast, from which point large steamships are expected to make the voyage to Milford Haven, in Wales, in three and a half days. By this route it is said that passengers and perishable freight can be carried from Chicago to London inside of seven days.

Made Two Efforts to Suffocate.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Dr. Edward Binion, aged 33, editor of The New Yorker Handels Zeitung, made a determined effort to commit suicide Tuesday. He first took morphine, and then proving ineffective, he stabbed himself about the arms and body. When found he was bleeding profusely. He still declares that he will kill himself. He had been drinking excessively of late.

OHIO DEMOCRATS.

They Nominate Thaddeus E. Crowley for Secretary of State.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, Aug. 27.—Hon. J. A. Newton, chairman of the state central committee, called the Democratic state convention to order at 10:45 Wednesday morning. Rev. Mr. Breckinridge asked a blessing upon the proceedings and the work was begun. The opening speech of Mr. Norton was in his best style and was vigorously applauded. At its conclusion he introduced Hon. C. W. Baker, of Cincinnati, the temporary presiding officer of the convention. It was developed upon a call for committees report that there were four state delegates, L. T. Neal, of Ross, and Hon. T. J. Cogan, of Hamilton, were made respectively permanent chairman and permanent secretary.

The Nominations.

Thaddeus E. Crowley, of Pickaway county, was unanimously nominated for secretary of state. George B. O'Key, of Columbus, was nominated for supreme court judge on the first ballot and Leopold Keifer, of Piqua, for member of board of public works on the first ballot.

The Platform.

The platform adopted demands the redemption of the currency; favors regulation looking to the suppression of trusts; sympathizing with the laboring classes against monopolies and inviting them to join the Democratic party; favors the free coinage of silver; acknowledges the services of the soldiers of the rebellion and denounces the duplicity of Republicanism; demands a free ballot and a fair count; denounces the federal election bill and the despotic code of rules adopted by the present national house of representatives and heartily indorse the administration of Governor Campbell and the record of the Sixty-ninth generally assembly.

Wisconsin Democracy.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 27.—At 12:15 p. m. Chairman E. C. Wall, of the Democratic state central committee, called the Democratic state convention to order. Joseph Morrow, of Sparta, was elected temporary chairman and J. M. Cliney, of Stoughton, secretary. Mr. Morrow's address was humorous one, calling forth cheers and laughter from the delegates. After the appointment of the several committees a recess was taken until 8 o'clock.

LIED TO SAVE HER HUSBAND.

A Chicago Policeman Found Guilty of Having Two Wives.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—John Schultheis was arrested on a charge of bigamy preferred by Bertha Samuels Tuesday afternoon. Schultheis was discharged from the police force last Friday. He was a trooper at East Chicago, a woman of illegitimate parentage. Capt. Koch investigated the matter and learned that he was a married man. The captain went to see Mrs. Schultheis and she claimed that she was the officer's sister, although she was told that he was in a position where he must marry another woman or provide for her child.

Admitted That She Lied.

The wife still claimed that she had no interest in the matter, and as a result Schultheis was committed to the jail. The first of this month Capt. Koch secured positive evidence that the alleged sister had been married to the officer for twelve years, and so he had him discharged. The first wife finally admitted that she had lied to save her husband, and wife No. 2 swore out no warrant.

State Secretary Lewis Dead.

LAKE GENEVA, Wis., Aug. 27.—State Secretary W. E. Lewis died very suddenly at the grounds of the Western Secretarial institute on the north shore of Lake Geneva of heart failure Monday night at 10:30 o'clock. He had had an attack of trouble and doubtless was one of the causes of his sudden demise. Fifteen years ago he came to the state of Wisconsin to engage in building up the Y. M. C. A.

The Grangers' Exhibition.

WILLIAMS GROVE, Wis., Aug. 27.—Wednesday was Democratic day at the Grangers' national exhibition and 20,000 farmers were in attendance. Ex-Governor Pattison, Democratic candidate for governor, telegraphed that it would be impossible for him to attend. Adlai Stevenson, who had been elected to the Democratic candidacy for lieutenant governor; Hon. S. W. Wherry, of Southampton; United States Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia; Hon. F. E. Beltzhoover, of Carlisle, and Hon. Mortimer Whitehead, of New Jersey.

The Minneapolis Exposition.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 27.—The fifth annual industrial exposition was opened here Wednesday with a fine street parade (comprising civic officials and societies, militia, cavalry, etc.), speeches and music. The principal address was that of Governor Marshall. The features of the show this year are the Edison exhibit, identical with the one at the art gallery and the spectacle of the "Last Days of Pompeii." The exposition will remain open until Oct. 4.

Issued Fraudulent Stock Certificates.

STUBENVILLE, Ohio, Aug. 27.—The announcement has just been made by Baron Lagerfeld, vice president of the Jefferson Iron works, alleged to have issued and sold fraudulent stock certificates of the company to the amount of \$30,000 or more. The baron was German vice consul at Pittsburgh, and all the stock was issued in that city. He sailed for Europe about a month ago, and is supposed to be at his home in Germany.

One Strike Declared Off.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 28.—The clock-makers' strike, which has been in progress eighteen weeks, was declared off Monday night, and the strikers resumed work Tuesday. The settlement was reached through the mediation of Rev. S. Monais, a Jewish rabbi, and George Raederoff, agent for the Baron Hirsch fund.

Elmer Sharkey Rejected.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 27.—Governor Campbell has reprieved Elmer Sharkey until Sept. 30, so that he would have an opportunity to examine doubts as to his sanity.

The American Boat Wins.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., Aug. 27.—The Gosport boat the Minerva five minutes and thirty-one seconds in their final race yesterday. This gives the former the trophy.

IT WAS A FATAL LEAP.

Strange and Unaccountable Action of an Old Man.

HE JUMPS FROM A FAST TRAIN.

And Is Followed by His Little Daughter—The Old Gentleman Instantly Killed and the Girl Seriously Injured—Fatal Explosion of a Locomotive Boiler in Ohio—An Open Switch Causes a Disaster—A Wreck in Kansas.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—Among the passengers on an early express train from this city for New York Wednesday morning was a well-dressed old man who was accompanied by a little girl. Nothing unusual in the actions of the old gentleman or the little girl attracted the attention of the other passengers until just before the train reached Holmesburg Junction, a way station about ten miles from this city.

Jumped Off the Train.

At this point the old gentleman said something to his young companion, and, arising from his seat, went forward and, opening a door, stepped out on the platform, and, although the train was running at a high rate of speed, he jumped off. The little girl, who had been watching him, saw him jump, and before the passengers realized what she intended to do, she had run to the front of the car and sprang after him. The train was stopped and backed to the spot where the two had jumped off. The old man was found lying beside the track dead, and the little girl was stretched in a sensible short distance from his body.

The Child May Die.

The body of the man and the insensible body of the little girl were placed upon a train and brought to this city, and both were taken to a hospital. An examination of the injuries of the child revealed that she was seriously hurt and may die. When she recovered consciousness she said that the old gentleman was her father, and that his name was Lala Beck, and that they lived in St. Clair county, Ill., and were bound for Hamburg, Germany. On the body of Mr. Beck was found two checks on a St. Louis bank for \$2,000 marks and \$56 in money.

THE BOILER EXPLODED.

Frightful Disaster on the Nypano Road.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, Aug. 27.—As freight train No. 83 east bound, on the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio railroad was pulling into Pavoia, a small station seven miles east of this city about 2:30 Wednesday morning, the boiler of the engine exploded with terrific force. The engineer and fireman were instantly killed, their bodies being mangled and burned beyond recognition. Head brakeman Frank Condon, of Galion, who was on the fourth car from the engine was thrown seventy-five feet from the train and escaped with slight injuries. The train consisted of about one hundred cars, mostly of tank cars, which immediately took fire and nearly the entire train was consumed and the track badly damaged for fully 200 yards. Passenger trains are being sent around the wreck via the Pennsylvania road to Orrville, via the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus road to Akron. The loss to the railroad company will probably reach \$25,000. The killed are: Al Graham, engineer, of Galion, Ohio, leaves a family; Joseph Murphy, fireman, single, of Urbana, Ohio.

Railway Wreck in Kansas.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Aug. 27.—The Kansas Central express was partially derailed in the Salt Creek valley, six miles west of this city, Tuesday morning. A defective truck under the forward end of the baggage car was the cause. The baggage car and the first coach, containing twelve passengers, were derailed and tumbled over a twenty-foot embankment. None of the passengers were killed, but a number were injured, among them W. J. Martin, of Arkansas City; W. O. Allen, of Kansas City; Mrs. M. Leonard, of Blaine, Kan., and Mrs. E. L. Bailey and daughter, of Easton, Kan.

The Engineers Instantly Killed.

HAIPEER'S FERRY, Va., Aug. 27.—The Chicago express on the Baltimore and Ohio road, due here early Tuesday evening, ran into an open switch near Point of Rocks where it struck some cars that were lying on the siding and was badly wrecked. The engineer, David D. Pitt, who had been in the employ of the company for twenty years, was instantly killed. The fireman was badly, probably fatally, injured. The engine, baggage and postal cars were wrecked. The balance of the train was derailed, but no serious consequences followed.

A Bungling Execution.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 27.—A revolting scene was witnessed in the jail Tuesday morning when Frederick Davis who was sentenced to death for the murder of his wife, was executed. His head was half torn from his shoulders by the drop, and the windpipe and carotid artery were severed, and blood spouted all over the scaffold. The hangman explained that the unusual occurrence was the result of the fact that Davis was a man with a long neck, the consequence of which, he said, was that the man was given a six-foot drop.

Wheelmen at Niagara Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Aug. 27.—The L. A. W. annual festivities opened here Tuesday with a parade in which 1,000 wheelmen participated. A lantern parade was planned for the evening which the rain spoiled. The next day's racing was held over the Niagara Falls Running track. Five thousand people saw the sport, which was of a high order.

A Minneapolis Rascal Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—Emil V. Koester was arrested here Tuesday charged with embezzling \$7,000 from a corn and oil business in Minneapolis, which he was treasurer. He acknowledged being an embezzler at his hearing, but said he had taken only \$2,000 which he used in his business with the hope of repaying it.

Obedient Orders Too Rigidly.

HILLSBORO, Ill., Aug. 27.—Jonathan Hartgrove was shot in his own malon patch Tuesday by his young son. The old man had scolded the boy in the field, and told him to shoot anybody who entered the patch. He went out to see how the boy was doing, and the lad opened fire on him, but so with fatal effect.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The earnings of Michigan railroads for June were \$7,451,395, an increase of \$626,805 over the same month last year. The earnings from January to July were \$43,033,016, an increase of \$3,338,767 over the corresponding period of 1889.

A peach grover of Stone Creek township, New Jersey, going over half his orchard the other day, found but half a dozen peaches on 1,700 trees.

At Bradford, Pa., the boiler shops of Bonville & Seyfangs were destroyed by fire Tuesday. Loss, \$40,000; insurance, \$25,000.

John P. Irish, once of Iowa, but now editor of The San Francisco Alta California, has been nominated for congress in the Third California district.

F. M. Dorsey, of New York, proposes erecting a large manufactory at Stott City, Iowa. Linen manufactured from Iowa straw will be the output.

J. J. Stinson, a negro, named as a government pension agent in Tennessee, and secured several hundred dollars from negroes, for whom he said he could obtain pensions if desired. Now he is in jail.

Three Indians got drunk at Red Rock, Mont., Tuesday, and, jumping on their horses, two of them threw their lariats over the head of the third and dragged him to death.

At Galena, Ill., miners struck a vein of lead Tuesday that promises to be one of the richest ever worked.

While attempting to arrest Louis Crabtree, a notorious character, at St. Louis Tuesday Officer L. A. Wilmer was shot, probably fatally. Crabtree escaped.

Lydia Welch, a 4-year-old of Milton, Del., with her tiny hands upon the organ keys and foot scarcely touching the pedals, can play all the popular airs, and reproduce any tune, even the most difficult, after hearing it once performed.

Over 111,000—to be exact 111,558—emigrants embarked during the last quarter from the various ports of the British Isles. These include 35,405 foreigners.

The Democrats of western Colorado adopted resolutions indorsing Chief Justice Fuller for the presidency in 1892 Tuesday.

Benjamin Wilson, of Boise county, was nominated for governor of Idaho by the Democratic convention at Boise City Tuesday.

Members of Gen. Grant's old command, the Twenty-fifth Illinois Infantry, will have a reunion at Decatur, Oct. 6.

Charles Cundiff disappeared from Bethany, Ill., nearly a year ago. His brother and sisters think he was murdered, and detectives have been employed on the case.

The phrase "Zenth City of the Unsalted Sea," which made Proctor Knott and his Dutch speech famous a few years ago, isn't in the speech at all.

Daniel Collins, 90 years of age, was instantly killed by a passenger train near Newark, Ohio, Tuesday. His body was thrown 100 feet.

Aldermen Under Arrest.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Aug. 27.—A sensation was created here Wednesday morning when United States Marshal Saunders, of Portland, placed under arrest the seven Aldermen of Biddeford and took them to Portland with several persons detained as witnesses on warrants from the United States district court. The aldermen are charged with neglecting to strike from the Biddeford roster the names of the parties not legally entitled to vote, and for conspiracy in arranging to place on the list the names of persons not legal voters.

A Yankee for Outenase.

MORNING REVIEW
Decatur, Illinois.
EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
THE REVIEW PUBLISHING CO.,
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JERRY DONAHUE, Sec'y and Treas.
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THURSDAY, AUGUST, 23, 1890.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.
State Ticket.
For United States Senator,
JOHN M. PALMER.
For State Treasurer, EDWARD S. WILSON
For Sup't. Pub. Instruction, HENRY RAAB
For Trustees Illinois JOHN H. BRYANT,
University, N. W. GRAHAM,
Rich'd D. MORGAN
Judicial Ticket.
For Clerk Supreme Court, J. E. A. SNIVELY
For Clerk Appellate Court, GEO. W. JONES
Congressional Ticket.
FOR CONGRESSMAN.
OWEN SCOTT.

THE CORN DEALER.
When our republican friends make the statement that the profits of agriculture in England were largely taken away by free trade, and accompany this statement with a citation of exceptional instances, they are not presenting to our farmers a line of argument that will damn the cause of protection? The conditions that have been set out in the case as presented by South Water are not the ones that surround our farmers. It is stated that England was unable to produce enough wheat to supply its own demand. While that was the case it was possible for the English farmer to temporarily get more than a fair price for his own wheat by having a duty imposed on importations.

It should be remembered that the farmers in this country are differently situated. They produce more than will satisfy the demands of home consumption. Our farmers are as deeply interested in facilitating exportations as the English farmers conceived themselves to be in obstructing importations. The English farmer wanted to keep others out of his market; our farmer wants to break into other people's markets.

And will you please note the similarity between the ancient case of the English farmer and the present case of our manufacturer. Some of our fellows who claim protection are admittedly unable to supply the demand. Other manufacturers are fully able to supply the demand, but they meet in consultation once or twice a year and make an arrangement by which they effect an artificial scarcity of supply. The factories shut down for four or six months in the year. This is a matter of such common and regular occurrence that it now excites no comment.

In this way our manufacturers keep within the demand. By manipulation they secure the position that fell naturally to the old English farmer. There is no such thing as competition among them. They charge for their wares whatever the tariff will allow them. We know there are some exceptions to this; and such was often the case under the old corn laws.

Now The Rep says that those who had a monopoly in England's markets were made to come down from their high prices by the introduction of free trade. As a matter of fact it was only the exceptional and oppressive prices that had to go. The situation in England produced a class known then as corn dealers. Those fellows sometimes got control of the crops, held a little consultation among themselves and put the price of wheat just as high as the duty would allow them. They came to be the most heartily hated men in England. Compared with them, the tax gatherer was a jolly good fellow and a desirable companion. The man who raised the crop got none of the benefit of this rascality. So far in the world's history he never has.

This ancient corn dealer has a lineal descendant on this side of the water; and our fellow is a chip off the old block. Our specimen forms a trust that both regulates the supply and the price; not of corn, but of manufactured goods. He is the enemy of our farmer, the leech that hangs to him in the name of patriotism. Our farmer is as much interested in getting rid of the laws that make this trust demon possible as were the workmen of England in abolishing the laws that made the corn dealer.

If free trade was a good thing for the victims of the monopoly market in England, would it not be a good thing for the victims here? In our case the victims are the farmers. The conditions that surround us make it necessary for our farmer to go into the world's markets. He has always been doing this. You say the over-producers called for free trade in England and that it did them good. Then let the over-producers do the same thing here. You say that free trade cut down monopoly's prices in England; it is just something of that kind our farmers want to do.

WHAT WAS SAID.
The people on South Water flatter themselves that the tariff reformers are trying to "let go" of the English market in the discussion of the condition that now confronts the American people. Word comes to us that "the hottest thing the tariff reformers have yet picked up as a veto-ger" is the statement that free trade has given the farmers of England the best market in the world." We are assured this statement "is a boomerang which will grate against their ears during the whole campaign." The metaphor grows more than a little mixed here, and so it is laid off for repairs. In the first place it should be pointed out that The Rep is misrepresenting. The original statement was a remark to our farmers to the effect that protection was not a sine qua non of a home market. To give an example in point it was shown that free trade England had the greatest home

market for farm products. The Rep, after its usual fashion of loose reasoning, took hold of this illustration and made it read, "free trade gave England the best market." The quotation is from memory, but it is correct in substance. It was pointed out to The Rep that its statement of the original illustration was a perversion. The Rep felt only called upon to reiterate the perversion. Its attention is again called to the matter, and now we will watch to see if it makes a correction.

No man need hunt the woods because of a statement that "free trade gave England the best market in the world." But there is always objection to letting an opponent put words in your mouth. Whenever he does so it is your duty to protest, for whether or not you like the statement that is credited to you it is just as well to let those fellows who want to conduct both sides of the debate know that you are capable of talking for yourself. If you let them make your speech once, they will conclude they have a right to do so on all occasions. It is for this reason we tell The Rep that the original statement of THE REVIEW was that protection is not necessary to a good home market for farm products. England was given as an illustration. Perhaps it is further necessary to tell The Rep that there is a great difference between this and the statement that free trade gave England the best home market in the world. If there is any doubt on South Water as to the existence of this difference, let some of the friends be called in and consulted. The Rep goes on to say, or to strongly intimate, that free trade was injurious to the agricultural industry in England. Considering this as an original statement on its part, we shall look at it in another place.

We would like to know what has become of the army Col. Elliott F. Shepard stood ready to bid God-speed into the South? A few days ago it was shooting women and children, and then insisting that it aimed at strikers. When the Colonel gives that gang his commission we ask him, as earnestly as we value our own hides, to instruct it not to aim at the enemy.

Oh Rowell, come home. You will not be missed in Washington now since Quay concluded that the whole matter for which you have done such obedient piping is just about of enough importance to be dignified with a postponement.

Of one thing you can be sure; Senator Farwell never got the gout from the good things that were served at Harrison's table.

With sugar on the free list, pie and cake ought to be cheaper than potatoes this coming winter.

MILWAUKEE.
H. F. Mitchell was at Belmont Tuesday. George Clark returned from St. Louis Monday.

Miss Rose Helm, of Sidney, visited here Monday.

Isaac LeFevre and wife, of Urbana, are visiting friends here.

E. Cross attended county court at Monticello a part of this week.

Ben Armsworth was one of the Decatur visitors from here this week.

A sister of Mrs. H. R. Duell's from near Chicago, is visiting relatives here.

James Crook is our genial postmaster during Mr. Cross' absence this week.

Lyon & East are busy with their new hydraulic cider press making cider for the farmers.

Several members of the I. O. O. F. attended the funeral of Mr. Wilson at Monticello Monday.

Attend the primaries next Saturday and make known your wishes for the coming county offices.

People from here who attended the Monticello fair last week, returned very much dissatisfied with the racing. They report most of it as being very poor.

William Meals and family, of Kansas, formerly of this place, are visiting here this week. They are enroute for Pennsylvania for an extended visit with relatives.

The republican primaries for next Saturday promise to be quite interesting, as there are quite a number of candidates and they have canvassed the county quite thoroughly.

C. C. Welch is busy this week cleaning and scrubbing the school house preparatory for the fall term of school. Mr. Welch is one of the most zealous teachers the school has had for years. The board did well in retaining him for another year.

Pierson.
Mr. Stallworth is in Indiana. Glr Pierson is plowing for wheat. Charley Shelton is visiting in Springfield. Mrs. S. Crist is visiting her mother in Vigo county, Ind.

Pierson will soon have a real estate and loan company in operation. Gussie Chambers will start to Danville, Ind., to school next week. Jacob Molsom, our German cook, did a lively business during the meeting here.

William Saffern, our wide-awake grain man, is putting in a large elevator at our town.

Steve Crist will move to Chesterville in the near future to the farm he has lately bought there.

The Pierson nine played a mixed nine at Williamsburg, Monroe county, last Saturday evening, and got left.

J. B. Fisher's little girl has been very sick for a few days, but is improving under the treatment of D. Vance, of Belmont.

Orville Davis made a flying visit to Eureka last Sunday evening. Orville thinks of starting a butcher shop here in the near future.

Our Baptist association adjourned Thursday evening. Rev. Smith, of the Urbana church, preached the farewell sermon, which was quite to the best of the many that were preached during the meeting here.

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PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!
AND **TONIC THE SYSTEM**
BY USING **THE GENUINE**
DR. J. C. FLEMING'S
LIVER PILLS
PREPARED ONLY BY
FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH, PA.
ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

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CHEAPER THAN WEIGHTS
Warranted to last a Lifetime.
Can be used on old or new Windows.
Call and Examine Them.
—FOR SALE BY—
LYTLE & ECKLES.
THE GRAND OPERA.
AT DECATUR.

CARTER'S
LIVER PILLS.
CURE SICK HEAD
These Cigars are guaranteed to contain a genuine Havana Filler and are equal to any ten-cent cigar in the market. A fit running mate for the old reliable K. & W. which is still in the Market. Made By Union Workmen

DR. SANDEN'S
ELECTRIC BELT
WEAKEE
TALLORS who are competent to do good work do not hesitate to join the Jour Tailor's Union. Nine of the ten men who do not belong to the Union are not competent to do good work. If you want good work, let it go to Union Tailors. Then there will be no danger of your getting a mis-fit suit of clothes. The firms whose names are given below employ only union tailors.

GOOD CLOTHES.
TALLORS who are competent to do good work do not hesitate to join the Jour Tailor's Union. Nine of the ten men who do not belong to the Union are not competent to do good work. If you want good work, let it go to Union Tailors. Then there will be no danger of your getting a mis-fit suit of clothes. The firms whose names are given below employ only union tailors.

Publication Notice in Attachment.
STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss
MAON COUNTY, ss
In the Circuit Court to the September Term, A. D. 1890.
Union Iron Works,
C. & G. Cooper & Co.
Public notice is hereby given to the said defendants, C. Cooper, F. F. Fairchild, C. G. Cooper, D. B. Kirk and C. G. Cooper, partners as C. & G. Cooper & Co., that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Macon county dated the 27th day of August, 1890, at the suit of the said plaintiff, Union Iron Works, and against the said defendants, C. Cooper, F. F. Fairchild, C. G. Cooper, D. B. Kirk and C. G. Cooper, partners as C. & G. Cooper & Co., for the sum of Fourteen hundred and sixty and no one hundredths dollars directed to the sheriff of said Macon county to execute.

IF YOU ARE NOT
Already a Customer of ours we earnestly solicit a share of your patronage, as we know we can please you. We carry a complete line of
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES
And will sell as low as the lowest. Goods delivered to any part of the city. Come and see us.
E. B. RANDALL
749 North Water Street.

PROFESSOR JAMES THOMAS
CRYSTAL GEM SPECTACLES
AND EYE GLASSES
Practical optician, formerly with Dr. T. Hubbell. Every case warranted. Eyes examined free of charge. Exclusive professional attention to adjusting spectacles. Come and see me 225 North Water street, opposite M. E. church, Decatur, Ills.

BOOK BINDING.
Practical book binding and book manufacturing, 127 South Water street, Decatur, Ill. Magazines bound, names stamped in gold on books, pocket-books, memoranda books, bulletins, etc. and all other book work and any kind of pamphlets bound to order.
ERMAN STILES

PULLMAN
SASH BALANCE.
No broken cords or clumsy weights. The only perfect Balance.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
OF DECATUR
CIGAR
These Cigars are guaranteed to contain a genuine Havana Filler and are equal to any ten-cent cigar in the market. A fit running mate for the old reliable K. & W. which is still in the Market. Made By Union Workmen

KECK & WEIGAND, Decatur, Ill.
These cigars can be purchased at all the leading stores in the county.

PIPER'S STUDIO.
H. F. HOEFLE.
PHOTOGRAPH
Ecke Main und William Strasse Photographien und Copien in allen Grossen und nur Die beste Arbeit geliefert "Cabinets unsere specialitet" Die einzigste Deutsche gallerie der Stadt
"BESUCHET UNS."

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UNION DEPOT TIME CARD.
In effect August 17, 1890.
Wabash Railway.

TO CHICAGO.		FROM CHICAGO.	
No. 1	8:00 a.m.	No. 1	5:30 p.m.
No. 2	11:30 a.m.	No. 2	8:30 a.m.
No. 3	2:00 p.m.	No. 3	11:30 a.m.
No. 4	5:00 p.m.	No. 4	2:00 p.m.
No. 5	8:00 p.m.	No. 5	5:00 p.m.
No. 6	11:30 p.m.	No. 6	8:30 p.m.
No. 7	2:00 a.m.	No. 7	11:30 a.m.
No. 8	5:00 a.m.	No. 8	2:00 a.m.
No. 9	8:00 a.m.	No. 9	5:00 a.m.
No. 10	11:30 a.m.	No. 10	8:30 a.m.
No. 11	2:00 p.m.	No. 11	11:30 a.m.
No. 12	5:00 p.m.	No. 12	2:00 p.m.
No. 13	8:00 p.m.	No. 13	5:00 p.m.
No. 14	11:30 p.m.	No. 14	8:30 p.m.
No. 15	2:00 a.m.	No. 15	11:30 a.m.
No. 16	5:00 a.m.	No. 16	2:00 a.m.
No. 17	8:00 a.m.	No. 17	5:00 a.m.
No. 18	11:30 a.m.	No. 18	8:30 a.m.
No. 19	2:00 p.m.	No. 19	11:30 a.m.
No. 20	5:00 p.m.	No. 20	2:00 p.m.
No. 21	8:00 p.m.	No. 21	5:00 p.m.
No. 22	11:30 p.m.	No. 22	8:30 p.m.
No. 23	2:00 a.m.	No. 23	11:30 a.m.
No. 24	5:00 a.m.	No. 24	2:00 a.m.
No. 25	8:00 a.m.	No. 25	5:00 a.m.
No. 26	11:30 a.m.	No. 26	8:30 a.m.
No. 27	2:00 p.m.	No. 27	11:30 a.m.
No. 28	5:00 p.m.	No. 28	2:00 p.m.
No. 29	8:00 p.m.	No. 29	5:00 p.m.
No. 30	11:30 p.m.	No. 30	8:30 p.m.

Terre Haute & Peoria.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	8:00 a.m.	No. 1	5:00 p.m.
No. 2	11:30 a.m.	No. 2	8:30 a.m.
No. 3	2:00 p.m.	No. 3	11:30 a.m.
No. 4	5:00 p.m.	No. 4	2:00 p.m.
No. 5	8:00 p.m.	No. 5	5:00 p.m.
No. 6	11:30 p.m.	No. 6	8:30 a.m.
No. 7	2:00 a.m.	No. 7	11:30 a.m.
No. 8	5:00 a.m.	No. 8	2:00 a.m.
No. 9	8:00 a.m.	No. 9	5:00 a.m.
No. 10	11:30 a.m.	No. 10	8:30 a.m.
No. 11	2:00 p.m.	No. 11	11:30 a.m.
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No. 26	11:30 a.m.	No. 26	8:30 a.m.
No. 27	2:00 p.m.	No. 27	11:30 a.m.
No. 28	5:00 p.m.	No. 28	2:00 p.m.
No. 29	8:00 p.m.	No. 29	5:00 p.m.
No. 30	11:30 p.m.	No. 30	8:30 p.m.

Peoria, Decatur & Evansville.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	8:00 a.m.	No. 1	5:00 p.m.
No. 2	11:30 a.m.	No. 2	8:30 a.m.
No. 3	2:00 p.m.	No. 3	11:30 a.m.
No. 4	5:00 p.m.	No. 4	2:00 p.m.
No. 5	8:00 p.m.	No. 5	5:00 p.m.
No. 6	11:30 p.m.	No. 6	8:30 a.m.
No. 7	2:00 a.m.	No. 7	11:30 a.m.
No. 8	5:00 a.m.	No. 8	2:00 a.m.
No. 9	8:00 a.m.	No. 9	5:00 a.m.
No. 10	11:30 a.m.	No. 10	8:30 a.m.
No. 11	2:00 p.m.	No. 11	11:30 a.m.
No. 12	5:00 p.m.	No. 12	2:00 p.m.
No. 13	8:00 p.m.	No. 13	5:00 p.m.
No. 14	11:30 p.m.	No. 14	8:30 p.m.
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No. 16	5:00 a.m.	No. 16	2:00 a.m.
No. 17	8:00 a.m.	No. 17	5:00 a.m.
No. 18	11:30 a.m.	No. 18	8:30 a.m.
No. 19	2:00 p.m.	No. 19	11:30 a.m.
No. 20	5:00 p.m.	No. 20	2:00 p.m.
No. 21	8:00 p.m.	No. 21	5:00 p.m.
No. 22	11:30 p.m.	No. 22	8:30 p.m.
No. 23	2:00 a.m.	No. 23	11:30 a.m.
No. 24	5:00 a.m.	No. 24	2:00 a.m.
No. 25	8:00 a.m.	No. 25	5:00 a.m.
No. 26	11:30 a.m.	No. 26	8:30 a.m.
No. 27	2:00 p.m.	No. 27	11:30 a.m.
No. 28	5:00 p.m.	No. 28	2:00 p.m.
No. 29	8:00 p.m.	No. 29	5:00 p.m.
No. 30	11:30 p.m.	No. 30	8:30 p.m.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
ONE NIGHT ONLY.
Opening of the Regular Season
MONDAY, SEPT. 1ST.
Special Engagement of
MR. THOMAS W. KEENE!
SUPPORTED BY
Mr. George Learook.
And a most capable company of players, in Shakespeare's great tragedy,
RICHARD III.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, and \$1.00.—
Lower Boxes, 50c; Upper Boxes, 50c.

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XXX
BOTTLE BEER FOR FAMILY USE
—AND—
KEG BEER FOR THE TRADE.
Orders Promptly Filled
Office on E. Ferro | TELEPHONES
Gordon Street. 98 and 102.

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DECATUR ILLINOIS
GEORGE M. WOOD
—SELLS—
Iron Pumps,
Wood Pumps,
Fire Proof Safes, Etc.
135 South Water St.

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BREWERS, BOTTLERS
—OF—
VACUUM - AND - EXTRA - FINE
LAGER BEER
For the Trade and Family Use.
Bottled Beer Delivered to any Part of the City at the following prices:
Vacuum Qts. (steamed) 90 cents a dozen
" " (unsteamed) 75 cents per dozen
Extra Fine Qts. (unsteamed) 84 cts per doz
" " (unsteamed) 60 cts per doz
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749 North Water Street.

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AND EYE GLASSES
Practical opt

There are many men of many minds, and almost every man has a different opinion of what constitutes

A GOOD SUIT OF CLOTHES.

Intrinsic value is what every customer, rich or poor, is looking for and often fails to get, as he does not pay enough attention to FIT, TRIMMING and WORKMANSHIP. While others fail because of a lack of knowledge of what constitutes these things.

We do not claim to know everything about the Clothing Business, but can and will offer as many inducements to get and hold trade as any concern in the country.

For the next 30 days we will offer to the trade

300 ALL WOOL MEN'S CASSIMERE SUITS FROM

\$6.50 TO \$10
WORTH FROM
\$10 TO \$18

Garments which have been selected from our Large Stock, on account of broken lots, there being but one suit in some lots and two or three in others. We need the room for our Fall Stock and the above must go.

Our Boy's and Children's department will fare the same way.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO

A Bag of marble given away with each boy's suits.

E. J. HARPSTRITE.

THE JEWELER

Has just received the finest line of Onyx Bronze and Silver Bronze Clocks and Figures ever shown in the city. If you want something for a wedding present, call and look at these goods, and I am sure you will be suited.

I wish you to take a look at my show window and for once be convinced of these facts.

E. J. HARPSTRITE.

THE JEWELER, 148 EAST PRAIRIE

DECATUR STEAM LAUNDRY

Is now ready to do your work on short notice. Satisfaction Guaranteed or no pay. Work called for and delivered to any part of the city. Give me a trial.

B. M. BROOKSHIER,
South Water Street. Opposite Grand Opera House.

\$6.50 \$6.50

Buy one ton of the Best Hard

COAL

ALL (REAL OLD LEE) MINED AT MANTICHOKE, PA. ALSO THE BEST OF LUMP COAL WELL SCREENED AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST AT

I. SCHOOLCRAFT'S

886 E. Eldorado st. Telephone No. 3.

A. O. BOLEN,

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND LOANS OFFICE, OVER MILLIKIN'S BANK, DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

If you want bargains in lots I have some, if you want a house and lot I have some bargains. I have a few houses and lots on monthly payments. Money to loan on city property call and see me, no trouble to show you what I have to offer. If you want to sell your property I will sell it for you. If you want to trade I can give you snap; have property of all kinds for sale or trade.

MORNING REVIEW

THURSDAY, AUGUST, 28, 1890.

MATTERS OF FACT.

New fall hats—Miss Williams. Hire's Root Beer at Irwin's pharmacy. Paints and varnishes cheap at Irwin's. Secure seats this morning for Keene as "Richard III."

Go to G. P. Hart for all kinds of upholstery, Library book.

S. M. Irwin has the largest stock of pure drugs for compounding prescriptions.

Everything in drugs, chemicals and patent medicines, at Irwin's pharmacy.

Receiving daily new fall and winter millinery at Mrs. K. Einstein's, 110 North Water street.

Miss Elizabeth Knepler is now ready to receive pupils in voice culture at her home, 319 North Main street.

This morning the sale of seats for Thomas W. Keene in "Richard III" begins at the Grand Opera House.

The price for the very best hard coal is only \$6.50 a ton at E. L. Martin's, 628 North Main street. Telephone No. 433.

If you want the best flour in the city, use the White Flour and White Bread. Manufactured by the Hatfield Milling company.

Mrs. H. C. Moore has reopened her dressmaking parlors over Linn & Scruggs' store and invites all her old customers to call.

New the rains are bound to set in. Take your shoes to E. W. Chandler and have them made water tight. Act in time and avoid wet feet.

Before you buy anything in the musical line be sure to call on C. B. Prescott, and see what he has and learn the prices. You can save money and be made happy by needing this advice.

Monday evening the regular season begins at the Grand Opera House. The eminent tragedian, Thomas W. Keene, supported by a very strong company in Shakespeare's great tragedy "Richard III" will be the opening attraction.

The ladies of the First M. E. church will give a social in the lecture room of the church next Thursday evening, Aug. 28. The celebrated Smith Bell Ringers will give musical selections on bells and glasses. Refreshments will be served. Admission 10 cents.

Announcement. Following my regular custom, I desire to announce to the trade of Decatur the arrival of the largest, most fashionable and select bill of suitings, pantaloons and overcoatings yet received in the city. The bill embraces all styles of goods suitable for dress and business suitings, and is far larger than the combined stocks of all other dealers. Perfect fits and the best of workmanship is the foundation of our merchant tailoring business. Upon these we depend upon future success. They are guaranteed to all. In addition to our large line of piece goods, "take notice" that this is opening week for the

CELEBRATED DUNLAP HATS in Derby, Silks and Cravats. Regular opening day, Saturday, Aug. 30. The fashionable trade of Decatur and vicinity should not fail to call and inspect these lines of goods. Very Truly, I. W. EHRMAN.

Notice. Some of the opposites to the Standard Sewing Machine have succeeded in purchasing to use as stool-pigeons, samples of the old style, small bobbin Standard, and claim that they are the improved machine. A hint to the wise is sufficient.

Standard Office—last door east of Library stairway, Bicycle headquarters—the place to get all kinds of repair work done; scissors, saws, tools of any kind sharpened, etc., etc. Also District Messenger Service, telephone No. 448; any kind of package not to exceed 10 pounds in weight delivered for 10 cents.

Going East. Miss Clara McCoy, who has charge of the trimming department at Mrs. K. Einstein's, will leave Wednesday for New York, where she will spend some time in the pattern department of one of the largest wholesale millinery houses, copying the imported designs which will be displayed at their opening. These patterns will be sent on to Decatur, thus enabling Mrs. Einstein to give her patrons the advantage of the latest styles at lower figures than can be duplicated at any other establishment in the city.

Little Hatchet. The oyster season is at hand again and Hunter, the commission man, is also on hand with the best brands that the market affords. The Pioneer of Little Hatchet brands are the best; past experience enables me to guarantee satisfaction. Try them Hunter's Wholesale Oyster Ranch, 393 North Water street, Decatur, Ill.

W. F. Stevenson and Frank Harrington, of Monticello, came to Decatur yesterday to see if they could recognize any of the stolen property which was recovered from the burglar and was in Marshal Mason's hands. They were unable however to identify any of the property.

DECEYED TO HER DEATH

Mrs. Lena Mathias Foully Murdered Tuesday Night

BY WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD.

The Body Not Found till Yesterday Morning—A Terrible Sight—The Tracks on the Ground—Her Ghostly Wounds—Theory of the Murder—Her Last Moments—On Earth—The Motherless Children—Her Husband, Col. Mathias, Absent at the Time—Ghosts Heard at the Last.

Frank Williams was doing his usual work about the barn yesterday morning when he noticed over to the southwest, something red in the field, which he at first thought was a basket of clothes, with a red table cover over it. The morning was foggy, and it was hardly daylight. Frank didn't see very clearly and thought but little about the matter. He was at his home, about a block north of the city limits, near the end of Edward street. This road, which he saw was just inside the hedge fence that ran along the north side of Pugh street, and would have been just on the west side of Edward street if it had crossed Pugh street, instead of stopping where it does, on the south side, and on the north side of King's orchard.

Frank told his father, A. J. Williams, better known as "Tip" Williams that there was a bundle of clothes down near the gate in the hedge, and he went to see. He found the bundle of clothes, and when he went out with the cows, Mr. Williams took the cows out some time after, about 5:30, but went by on the road, and didn't stop. Coming back he went to the hedge and carefully glanced over. He was surprised to see

A WOMAN ON THE GROUND.

lying on her left side, with her head on her left arm, her right hand down under her left arm. Her dress was drawn up about her knees. Four or five feet away was a big pool of blood, while all around her feet distance of several feet the grass and weeds were matted and broken down, as if there had been a struggle.

Mr. Williams, with a feeling of horror, ran around through the gap in the hedge to where the body lay. Approaching closer he saw that the face was bloody, there were several blood spots on the stockings, while the hands appeared to have been dipped in blood, though where the crimson had come from could not be seen. The dress was muddy and dirty, but the clothing was not torn.

Mr. Williams did not see that the woman was dead until he was quite close. Then he saw that the body had evidently been lifeless for some time, as the dew had fallen over it and the broken grass. He looked at the blood bespattered face some moments before he recognized it. Then he saw that it was the countenance of

MRS. MATHIAS,

wife of Col. Mathias, who lives at the northeast corner of Union and Edmond streets, a trifle over two blocks away. Williams went back home, told his son Frank what he had found, and went to the residence.

Frank Williams went over to the spot. Joe Ehrhart came shortly afterwards. They looked the ground over closely. There were tracks all around in the soft ground of the stubble field. Approaching the spot from the east were the tracks of two people, a man and a woman, who had evidently come from that way very leisurely, and passed on about 75 feet further west, where they had stopped and talked, or sat down on a cultivator that was standing there.

Then, the returning tracks were seen. Clearly they had been made by some one or more men. They were farther apart, heavier, and the man's footprints, in one or two places, partly obscured the woman's, as if it had been put there afterwards. These tracks stop in the little spot marked off by the struggle. How the man had gotten away was not discovered, because the people began to gather then and soon the crowd had tracked the ground up for half a block around.

CORONER BENDURE

was called, and Marshal Mason was notified. He viewed the body, and then for the first time the gaping wound in the neck was seen. It was just under the chin, reaching from ear to ear, severing the jugular vein, windpipe and throat. On the chin was a bruise, as if a blow had been struck there by a fist. There was no blood under the body, or on the ground nearer than the pool mentioned. The body had evidently been moved after it had lain some moments. The shawl was doubled up under the head, as if placed there hurriedly. The murdered woman had on a red wrapper, and it was that which first attracted Frank Williams' attention.

By this time the crowd had grown much larger, and while waiting for a wagon, a rope was stretched around the body, enclosing it within a space several yards square. Marshal Mason and other officers came and looked the ground over. Another examination of the tracks was made by the Marshal and Anderson Bradley, partner of Col. Mathias.

THE BODY WAS REMOVED to Perle's undertaking rooms about 7 o'clock by the coroner. There it was washed and dressed, and just before noon was taken to the home of Col. Mathias, where it now is.

AN INQUEST

will be held this morning. This is the jury that has been impaneled: W. H. Starr, H. F. May, W. W. Foster, J. G. Gloyd, Harry Midkiff, and Dr. H. D. Hall.

THEORY OF THE MURDER.

Frank Mason made up his mind as soon as he saw the murdered woman's body, that William Crawford was the murderer. Crawford used to work for Mathias, and has made threats that he would kill the colonel or his wife. Mrs. Mathias had told a neighbor that she was afraid Crawford would kill the colonel, but that she was not afraid of him herself. It is supposed that Crawford came to the house and met Mrs. Mathias, and yielding to his threats or persuasion, went with him a short distance, hoping to prevail on him to go away and leave them alone. They were walking to the spot near the cultivator. Then Mrs. Mathias realized that she was in danger and started to run. She did not get far until she was overtaken and her throat cut.

THE LAST SEEN

of Mrs. Mathias was about 7:30 or a quarter of 8 Tuesday night. Then "Tip" Bert Williams and Dave Hughes passed the Mathias place on Edmond street. At the corner of the alley between Church and Union streets, Mrs. Mathias was standing, looking up and down as if expecting someone. She was dressed in the red wrapper she had on when found, and over her head was the little red shawl that was under her head.

Grant Cussins was before Justice Curtis yesterday, the case having been continued from the day before. A peace warrant had been sworn out against him, but the case did not appear to be very strong one, and the Justice released him, his own recognizance for three months, for his good behavior.

JUSTICE AND DEATH.

Bath Reaching for the Murderer Crawford.

HE TRIES TO KILL HIMSELF.

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As soon as Marshal Mason heard of the murder of Mrs. Mathias, he concluded that William H. Crawford was the murderer and began to look for him. Shortly after the marshal was on the ground, and within half an hour had the search well begun. The marshal had looked for Crawford before, and so thought at once of a hiding place that had held him safely for more than a month. That was at the home of his sister, who is the wife of Ben Merritt, on a farm two miles this side of Oakley. Therefore the strongest body of searchers was sent to Merritt's. Officers Leech and Brockway, in citizens clothes, with Constable Weitzel and Dillehunt, took a two-seated wagon and went to Merritt's. Williams were furnished with a buggy and a good horse and sent out towards Harrowsburg. They traveled over the country northwest of the city all day, returning to the city about 4.

The night police force was called up before 10 and put to watching the city for Crawford. The marshal had heard that he was seen on Franklin street about 7:30 Tuesday night. He was then crazy drunk. He had been drinking all day, and that time was talking wildly. He told the man who saw him about getting out of jail at Jacksonville, and said he was back to Decatur just to let some people see that he was not afraid to come. Knowing there fore that the man had been drunk around town the night before the marshal expected him to come crawling out from some hole where he had sobered up. It turned out, however, that the posse sent to Oakley was sent in the right direction.

"GOT THE MAN DEAD."

At 2 o'clock this message was received by the marshal from Officer Leech: "Got the man dead. Send the coroner." The supposition at once was that Crawford had resisted arrest and had been shot. The officers had expected that when they went after him. They knew that he was a desperate man, that he had nerve, and that he would not hesitate to kill a man for a small injury. Therefore when they went to get him for a terrible crime they went with the expectation of having trouble.

The coroner, Marshal Mason, and two or three others were soon on the road to Oakley. They found on arriving there that the tragedy of Tuesday night had an almost equally sensational sequel. As it was the officers had been acting in

A THRILLING SCENE.

The four officers had approached Merritt's house cautiously, tying their horses half a mile away and walking the rest of the distance. On the way they asked a neighbor if Merritt had been seen lately. The reply was that he had just gone to the house, presumably for dinner, with a stranger, whose description answered to that of Crawford's. Hearing this, they surrounded the house. The front door faced the north. Officer Leech and Constable Dillehunt went toward it under cover of underbrush that came to within a short distance of the building. Constable Weitzel and Officer Brockway went around to the southeast corner in the stable lot, and came up that way.

Leech and Dillehunt had been waiting a few minutes when

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at the front door. He glanced around and then walked out to the edge of the porch, as if going into the yard. Officer Leech said: "Shall I step out or shout to scare him first?"

"Step out," replied his companion, "he seems to be unarmed."

Leech stepped out revolver in hand. Crawford saw him instantly and ran back in the house. His sister Mrs. Merritt was sitting by a window, and at once saw what had alarmed her brother. She sprang to the place he had just left in the doorway, and standing there, screamed and waved her hands like one distracted. If her purpose was to shield Crawford she succeeded, for while the officers might have shot him as he ran if she had been away, they could, as he was, do nothing without hitting her.

Crawford went through the house, out a door on the east and made towards the stable lot. On the other side of the fence, not 50 feet away, he was faced by

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